Bok choy comes in two sizes—full-size (mature) and baby.

Mature bok choy is about 16 inches from the base to the tip of the leaves. Baby bok choy is about 7 inches high.





There are two different types of baby bok choy.

White-stalked baby bok choy has crinkly, dark green leaves and a sweet, mild flavor. Shanghai baby bok choy has a more mineral flavor and pale green stems and leaves. It is also known as green-stem bok choy.





Baby bok choy is more tender than mature bok choy. It is often cooked and served whole or halved.



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Bok choy is a member of the cabbage family. It has a crunchy stem and tender leaves

and is also called bok choi, Chinese white cabbage, pak choy, pak choi, and white mustard cabbage.





Bok choy does not form a head like many cabbage varieties do. It forms a cluster of stems, similar to celery.



Bok choy can be eaten raw or cooked. It can be cooked many ways, including sautéing, grilling, steaming, roasting, and stir frying.





Bok choy has been grown in China for centuries, where it is used in soups, stir fries, and other dishes.



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Bok choy is packed with nutrients!

It is an excellent source of vitamin A, which aids in cell growth and development, fighting off diseases, and good vision. Bok choy is also a good source of Vitamin C and Vitamin K, which is important for healthy bones.





The base of each juicy, fleshy stalk of bok choy is shaped like a spoon, which is why it is sometimes called spoon cabbage!

The texture of the stalk is similar to celery,







Baby bok choy grows close to the ground, so dirt often gets trapped between the stalks.

Rinse baby bok choy well before cooking by cutting each head in half and swishing it in several changes of water. Shake well to dry or spin in a salad spinner.



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